MANUFACTURING

VOCATS 7.05

MANUFACTURING is

 A system or group of systems used in the manufacturing process to make products for an end user (R1 pg. 239)

Three Types of Manufacturing

Custom

Job Lot

Mass

Custom Manufacturing

Custom production produces products that are made one at a time according to customer's exact specifications.

Job Lot

 Job lot production involves producing a limited quantity of a product. Production is stopped when a certain amount of the product is made.

Mass Production

Continuous or mass production produces a large quantity of the same product. This is achieved through one steady process using an assembly line.

Manufacturing Process

Designing
Development
Making and servicing of products and systems.

Production

 Production is the developing or actual making of a product. Methods or production engineers are in charge of producing the production tooling, the jigs, fixtures, and quality control devices, needed to manufacture the product.

Marketing

 Marketing is the promoting, selling and delivering the product or service.

 AGV (Automatic Guided Vehicle) is a vehicle used to carry the product from one work station to another. It is computer operated and runs along an "invisible" electric track throughout a factory. It is a very modem form of an assembly line.

 CAD (Computer- Aided) **Design)** is a method of planning and drawing a product using a computer. The designs and information is stored in the computer. computer can run test on the new product or part without the part even being there!

 CAM (Computer- Aided Manufacturing) is a system where computers are used to operate the machinery in a factory.

 CAD/CAM joins the two. The designer can create a part or product on the computer screen then sends it directly to a machine tool, which makes the part.

 CIM (Computer- Integrated Manufacturing) uses one computer system to control many function of the manufacturing company. This main computer system handles marketing and sales, invoicing, production scheduling, design, equipment control and many other functions of a company.

 CNC (Computerized Numerical Control) is a machine tool operation that is controlled by numerical commands from a computer.

 Fixture- is a specialty tool usually designed and used only for one operation. A fixture holds material in place, while it is being processed, usually when holding the material by hand is too dangerous or not secure enough.

• **Jig**- is another speciality tool usually designed and used for only one operation. A jig holds and guides the material to be processed during the operation. Again, a jig is used when holding the material by hand may be to dangerous or not secure enough. The jig moves but the fixture does not.

 Just- in- time- With the aid of computers, manufacturers can order materials and parts from other suppliers "just in- time" to be used.

 This reduces the need for warehouse storage space and a costly inventory. This saves money and lowers product cost

 Robotics- the technology that deals with the design, manufacture and use of robots in industrial and automated situations

 Stereo Lithography- is a very new innovation that works like a three dimension picture